### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

## Claim 1 (currently amended)

A compound selected from the group consisting of a compound of the formula

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

$$(B)_{\epsilon}$$

in which G is

$$-(CR^{1}R^{2})_{n}-A-(CR^{1}R^{2})_{m}-(CR^{1}R^{3})_{l}-(CR^{1}R^{2})_{q}-R^{4}$$

A is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond,

$$-C(O)NR^5$$
-.  $-NR^5$ - $C(O)$ -.  $-C(O)$ -.  $-NR^5$ -.  $-O$ -.  $-S$ -.  $-S(O)$ -.

-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, ( $C_2$ - $C_4$ )-alkynediyl, ( $C_2$ - $C_4$ )-alkenediyl and ( $C_5$ - $C_{14}$ )-arylene wherein where in the arylene residue one, two, three, four or five ring carbon atoms can be replaced by a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, or a divalent residue of a 3-membered to 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which can contain one or two ring heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen and which can be monosubstituted or disubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of  $^+$ O,  $^+$ S and  $^3$ .

B are individually selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_{18})$ -alkyl.  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -eycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl.  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, hydroxy, cyano, trifluoromethyl, nitro, hydroxycarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy-arylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy-arylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-carbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6$ 

X is selected from the gropu consisting of hydrogen,  $NR^6R^{6+}$ , fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $-OR^6$ ,  $-SR^6$ , hydroxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-NH-, (hydroxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl)<sub>2</sub>N-, amino- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-NH-, (amino- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl)<sub>2</sub>N-, hydroxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-O-, hydroxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-S-and  $-NH-C(O)-R^6$ );

Y is selected from the group consisting of  $R^6$ , fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano,  $-NR^6R^{6+}$ ,  $-OR^6$ ,  $-SR^6$  and hydroxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-NH;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro,  $(C_1-C_{10})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -

heteroaryl- $(C_1$ - $C_8$ )-alkyl-,  $R^6$ -O- $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ - $S(O)_p$ - $R^7$ ,  $R^6S(O)_2NHR^7$ ,  $R^6OC(O)NHR^7$  and  $R^6R^6$ -N- $R^7$ :

 $R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro, ( $C_1$ - $C_{18}$ )-alkyl, ( $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ )-alkenyl, ( $C_2$ - $C_{18}$ )-alkenyl, ( $C_3$ - $C_{14}$ )-cycloalkyl, ( $C_3$ - $C_{14}$ )-cycloalkyl-( $C_1$ - $C_8$ )-alkyl-, ( $C_5$ - $C_{14}$ )-aryl, ( $C_5$ - $C_{14}$ )-aryl-( $C_1$ - $C_8$ )-alkyl-,( $C_5$ - $C_1$ 4)-heteroaryl, ( $C_5$ - $C_1$ 4)-heteroaryl-( $C_1$ - $C_8$ )-alkyl-,  $R^6$ -O- $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ R $^6$ + $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ C(O)-O- $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ C(O)R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ OC(O)R $^7$ ). ( $R^6$ N( $R^6$ )C(O)OR $^7$ ,  $R^6$ S(O) $_p$ N( $R^5$ )R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ OC(O)N( $R^5$ )R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ SC(O)N( $R^5$ )R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ N( $R^6$ +)C(O)N( $R^5$ )R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ N( $R^6$ +)S(O) $_p$ R $^7$ , where alkyl can be mono-unsaturated or polyunsaturated and where alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl can be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of  $R^6$ , fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl,  $R^6$ R $^6$ +NR $^7$ , nitro,  $R^6$ OC(O)R $^7$ ,  $R^6$ C(O)R $^7$ .  $R^6$ N(R $^6$ +)S(O) $_p$ R $^7$  and  $R^6$ -O-R $^7$ , and where the  $R^3$ S are independent of

R<sup>6</sup>N(R<sup>6</sup>)C(O)R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>N(R<sup>6</sup>)S(O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and where the R<sup>3</sup>S are independent of one another and can be identical or different;

 $R^4$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-C(O)R^8$ ,  $-C(S)R^8$ ,  $-S(O)_pR^8$ ,  $-S(O)_pR^8$ , -  $P(O)R^8R^{8+}$  and a 4-membered to 8-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocycle which contains 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur;

 $R_5$ - $R_5$ -is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1$ - $C_{10})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3$ - $C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1$ - $C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5$ - $C_{14})$ -aryl and  $(C_5$ - $C_{14})$ aryl- $(C_1$ - $C_8)$ -alkyl;  $R^6$  and  $R^{6+}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1$ - $C_{18})$ -

alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{18})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl- where aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and alkyl can be substituted one, two or three times by individual substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl, nitro, hydroxycarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxycarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylaminocarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylcarbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylsulfonylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylaminosulfonyl-, arylaminosulfonyl-, arylaminosulfony

 $R^8$  and  $R^{8+}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryloxy,  $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyloxy- $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyloxy- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl)amino)carbonylmethyloxy-,  $(di((C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl)amino)carbonylmethyloxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylamino-, an amino acid. N- $((C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl-piperidin-4-yloxy-, 2-methylsulfonylethoxy-, 1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyloxy-, 3-pyridylmethyloxy-, 2- $(di-((C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl)amino)-ethoxy and  $Q^*(CH_3)_3N^*$ - $CH_2$ - $CH_2$ -O- in which  $Q^*$  is a physiologically tolerable anion;

n is zero, one, two, three, four or five:

m is zero, one, two, three, four or five;

i is zero or one;

q is zero, one or two;

r is zero, one or two;

s is zero, one two or three:

t is zero, one, two, three, four, five, six, seven or eight;

p is zero, one or two, where all numbers p are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-toxic.

physiologically tolerable salts ; .

where, instead of the purine structure shown in formula I, also a 3-deazapurine structure.

a 7-deazapurine structure or a 7-deaza-8-azapurine structure can be present.

#### Claim 2 (currently amended)

A compound of claim 1, wherein G is

$$-(CR^1R^2)_n$$
-A- $(CR^{-1}R^2)_m$ - $(CR^1-R^3)_l$ - $(CR^1R^2)q$ - $R^4$ 

A is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond,

-C(O)NR<sup>5</sup>-, -NR<sup>5</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)-, -NR<sup>5</sup>-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenediyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkenediyl, (C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>)-arylene where in the arylene residue one, two, three, four or five ring carbon atoms can be replaced by a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of

nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and a divalent residue of a 3-membered to 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which can contain one or two ring heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen and which can be monosubstituted or disubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of =O, =S and R<sup>3</sup>;

B is selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl.  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, hydroxy, cyano, trifluoromethyl, nitro, hydroxycarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylaminocarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylsulfonylamino-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-sulfonylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylsulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl-aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl-aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-carbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-carbonyl-, (C

X is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $NH_2$ , -NH-C(O)- $R^6$  and OH:

Y is hydrogen,

Z is N;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro,  $(C_1-C_{10})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl-

 $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_4-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $R^6$ -O- $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ -S(O)<sub>0</sub>- $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ S(O)<sub>2</sub>NH $R^7$ ,  $R^6$ OC(O)NH $R^7$  and R<sup>6</sup>R<sup>6</sup>'N-R<sup>7</sup>:

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, nitro, (C<sub>1</sub>- $C_{18}$ )-alkyl,  $(C_2-C_{18})$ -alkenyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $R^6-O-R^7$ ,  $R^6R^{6+}R^7$ ,  $R^6C(O)-O-R^7$ ,  $R^6C(O)R^7$ ,  $R^6OC(O)R^7$ ).  $(R^6N(R^6)C(O)OR^7, R^6S(O)_pN(R^5)R^7, R^6OC(O)N(R^5)R^7, R^6C(O)N(R^5)R^7,$  $R^{6}N(R^{6+})C(O)N(R^{5})R^{7}$ ,  $R^{6}N(R^{6+})S(O)_{p}N(R^{5})R^{7}$ ,  $R^{6}S(O)_{p}R^{7}$ ,  $R^{6}SC(O)N(R^{5})R^{7}$ , R<sup>6</sup>N(R<sup>6+</sup>)C(O)R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>N(R<sup>6+</sup>)S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, where alkyl can be mono-unsaturated or polyunsaturated and where alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl can be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of R<sup>6</sup>, fluorine, chlorine. bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl, R<sup>6</sup>R<sup>6+</sup>NR<sup>7</sup>, nitro, R<sup>6</sup>OC(O)R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>C(O)R<sup>7</sup>,  $R^6N(R^{6+})C(O)R^7$ ,  $R^6N(R^{6+})S(O)_pR^7$  and  $R^6-O-R^7$ , and where the  $R^3S$  are independent of

one another and can be identical or different;

and where all R<sup>3</sup> are independent of one another and can be identical or different:  $R^4$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-C(O)R^8$ ,  $-C(S)R^8$ ,  $-S(O)_pR^8$ ,  $-S(O)_pR^8$ ; R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>)-cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl- and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-, where all  $\mathbb{R}^5$  are independent of one another and can be identical or different;

 $R^6$  and  $R^{6+}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_{18})$ -

alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{18})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -aryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl- where aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and alkyl can be substituted one, two or three times by individual substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl, nitro, hydroxycarbonyl-.  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxycarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylaminocarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy- $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylcarbonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylsulfonylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylsulfonylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-,  $di((C_1-C_6))$ - $C_6$ )-alkylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ arylaminosulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylaminosulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylsulfonyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl;  $R^7$  is  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkanediyl or a direct bond, where all  $R^7$  are independent of one another and can be identical or different; R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>8+</sup> are individually selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)alkoxy,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryloxy,  $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyloxy- $C_4$ )-alkoxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkylcarbonyloxy- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkoxy-,  $NR^6R^6$ ,  $(di-((C_1-C_8)-di-(C_1 C_8$ )-alkyl)amino)carbonylmethyloxy-, (di(( $C_5$ - $C_{14}$ )-aryl-( $C_1$ - $C_8$ )alkyl)amino)carbonylmethyloxy-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -arylamino-, an amino acid,  $N-((C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl-

piperidin-4-yloxy-, 2-methylsulfonylethoxy-, 1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyloxy-, 3pyridylmethyloxy-, 2-(di-( $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl)amino)-ethoxy and Q'( $CH_3$ )<sub>3</sub>N<sup>+</sup>- $CH_2$ - $CH_2$ -O- in which Q is a physiologically tolerable anion;

n is zero, one, two, three, four or five:

m is zero, one, two, three, four or five:

i is zero or one:

q is zero, one or two;

r is zero, one or two:

s is zero, one two or three;

t is zero, one, two, three, four, five, six, seven or eight;

p is zero, one or two, where all numbers p are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-toxic, physiologically tolerable salts and their prodrugs.

### Claim 3 (currently amended)

A compound of claim 1, wherein G is

$$-(CR^{1}R^{2})_{n}-A-(CR^{-1}R^{2})_{m}-(CR^{1}-R^{3})_{l}-(CR^{1}R^{2})q-R^{4}$$

A is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond,

-C(O)NR $^5$ -, -NR $^5$ C(O)-, -C(O)-, -NR $^5$ - and (C $_5$ -C<sub>14</sub>)-arylene where in the arylene, one, two, three, four or five ring carbon atoms can be replaced by a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur;

B is selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl, chlorine, hydroxy, cyano, trifluoromethyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkanoylamino-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylcarbonyl-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -

 $C_6$ )-alkylamino and di( ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )-alkyl)-amino-, where all Bs are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

X is hydrogen;

Y is hydrogen,

Z is N;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen. ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )-alkyl.  $R^6S(O)$ -NHR<sup>7</sup> and  $R^6OC(O)$ NHR<sub>7</sub>;

 $R^4$  is  $-C(O)R^8$ ;

 $R^{5}$  is hydrogen or  $(C_{1}-C_{4})$ -alkyl, where all  $\underline{R^{5}s}$   $R_{5}s_{5}$  are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

 $R^6$  and  $R^{6^\circ}$  are individually hydrogen.  $(C_1\text{-}C_{12})\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $(C_3\text{-}C_{14})\text{-cycloalkyl}$ .  $(C_3\text{-}C_{14})\text{-cycloalkyl}$ .  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ -,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ -, and  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ -, and  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ -, and  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ -, and another and can be identical or different;

 $R^7$  is  $(C_1-C_2)$ -alkanediyl or a direct bond, where all  $R^7$ s are independent of one another and can be identical or different;

 $R^8$  is hydroxy or  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,

n is zero, one, two, three, four or five;

m is zero or one:

i is zero or one:

q is zero or one;

r is zero or one;

s is zero, one or two;

t is zero, one, two, three or four;

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-toxic physiologically tolerable salts.

## Claim 4 (currently amended)

A compound of claim 1, wherein G is

$$-(CR^{T}R^{2})_{n}-A-(CR^{-T}R^{2})_{m}-(CR^{T}-R^{3})_{l}-(CR^{T}R^{2})q-R^{4}$$

A is a direct bond;

B is  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl or hydroxy, where all Bs are independent of one another and can be identical or different;

X is hydrogen;

Y is hydrogen;

Z is n:

 $R^{1}$  and  $R^{2}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen. ( $C_{1}$ - $C_{4}$ )-alkyl.  $R^{6}S(O)$ -NHR<sup>7</sup> and  $R^{6}OC(O)$ NHR<sub>7</sub>;

 $R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_2-C_{18})$ -alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_{18})$ -alkynyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl-, where alkyl can be mono-unsaturated or poly-unsaturated and where alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl can be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_1)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_1)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_1)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-C_1)$ -alkyl-, where alkyl can be mono-unsaturated or poly-unsaturated and where alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl can be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by a member selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_1)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_1-$ 

 $R^5$  is hydrogen or  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl;

 $R^6$  and  $R^{6^+}$  are individually hydrogen,  $(C_1\text{-}C_{12})\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $(C_3\text{-}C_{14})\text{-cycloalkyl}$ ,  $(C_3\text{-}C_{14})$ -eycloalkyl-,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl-}$ , where aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and alkyl can be substituted one, two or three times by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl,  $(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{-alkylamino-}$ ,  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-aryl}$  and  $(C_5\text{-}C_{14})\text{-heteroaryl}$ , and where all  $R^6$ s and  $R^{6+}$ s are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

R<sup>7</sup> is a direct bond;

 $R^8$  is hydroxy or (C<sub>1</sub>-C4)-alkoxy;

n is zero, one or two;

m is zero or one;

i is zero or one;

q is zero or one;

r is zero or one;

s is zero, one or two;

t is zero;

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-toxic. physiologically tolerable salts.

Claim 5 (previously amended)

A compound of claim 1 wherein G is

$$-(CR^{1}R^{2})_{n}-A-(CR^{-1}R^{2})_{m}-(CR^{1}-R^{3})_{l}-(CR^{1}R^{2})q-R^{4}$$

A is a direct bond:

X is hydrogen;

Z is N;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are hydrogen or  $(C_1-C_2)$ -alkyl, where all  $R^1$ s and  $R^2$ s are independent of one another and can be identical or different:

 $R^3$  is selected form the group consisting of  $R^6R^6$  'N- $R^7$ ,  $R^6S(O)_2N(R^5)R^7$  and  $R^6C(O)N(R^5)R^7$ :

 $R^4$  is  $-C(O)R^8$ ;

 $R^5$  is hyrogen or  $(C_1-C_2)$ -alkyl;

 $R^6$  and  $R^{6^+}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-, aryl-, aryl

R<sup>7</sup> is a direct bond;

 $R^8$  is hydroxy or  $(C_4-C_4)$ -alkoxy;

n is zero, one or two:

m is zero or one;

i is zero or one:

q is zero or one:

r is zero;

s is zero;

t is zero;

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-eoxic, physiologically tolerable salts.

# Claim 6 (previously amended)

$$-(CR^1R^2)_n\text{-}A\text{-}(CR\text{-}^1R^2)_m\text{-}(CR^1\text{-}R^3)_l\text{-}(CR^1R^2)q\text{-}R^4$$

A is a direct bond:

X is hydrogen;

Z is N:

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are hydrogen;

 $R^{3}$  is  $R^{6}S(O)_{2}N(R^{5})R^{7}$  and  $R^{6}C(O)N(R^{5})R^{7}$ ;

 $R^4$  is  $-C(O)R^8$ ;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen;

 $R^6$  is selected from the group consisting of  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_{12})$ -alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -

eycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_{14})$ -cycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl- where aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and alkyl can be substituted one, two or three times by at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, trifluoromethyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkylamino-,  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -aryl and  $(C_5-C_{14})$ -heteroaryl,

R<sup>7</sup> is a direct bond:

 $R^8$  is hydroxy or  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkoxy:

n is one;

m is zero;

i is one:

q is zero;

r is zero:

s is zero;

t is zero;

in all their stereoisomeric forms and mixtures thereof in all ratios, and their non-toxic, physiologically tolerable salts.

## Claim 7 (previously amended)

A process for the preparation of a compound of claim 1 comprising reacting a compound of the formula VI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & Y \\
 & N \\
 & N \\
 & N \\
 & X
\end{array}$$
VI

with a compound of the formula VIIa or of formula VIIb

$$(B)_{s} \qquad (B)_{t} \qquad VIIIb$$

wherein L<sup>1</sup> is a cleaving group and B, G, X, Y, r, s and t are defined as in claim 1 but wherein functional groups can also be present in the form of precursor groups or in protected form.

### Claim 8 (currently amended)

A pharmaceutical composition, comprising an amount of a compound of claim 1 sufficient to act as a vitronectin receptor antagonist treat osteoporosis and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

## Claims 9 and 10 (previously cancelled)

### Claim 11 (currently amended)

A method of inhibiting vitronectin binding treating osteoporosis in warm-blooded animals comprising administering to warm-blooded animals in need thereof an amount of a compound of claim 1 sufficient to prevent-treat osteoporosis vitronectin binding.